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THE LAKSHMIDEVI TEMPLE AT DODDA GADDAVALLI

Indian Temple Architecture

NARASIMHACHAR R.

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INTRODUCTORY, NOTE.

This monograph, the third of the Mysore Archaeological Series: Architecture and Sculpture in Mysore, treats of the Lakshmidevi temple at Dodda Gaddavalli, Hassan Taluk, founded by a great merchant of the name of Kullahana-Rahuta and his wife Sahajadevi in A. D. 1113 during the reign of the Hoysala king Vishnuvardhana. This temple has been selected not for any exuberance of its decorative details but for its rare quadruple form and the symmetrical disposition of its plan. The first monograph dealt with a temple consisting of three cells, the second with a temple consisting of one cell, but the present deals with a temple consisting of four cells. The Lakshmidevi temple is thus a typical structure of the Hoysala style of architecture and appears to be the only one of its kind in Mysore. It is likewise one of the very early examples of the Hoysala style, having been built four years before the Kesava temple at Belur.

As in the case of the previous monographs, Mr. T. Namassivayam Pillai, the Photographer and Draughtsman of my Office, is responsible for the illustrations.

The list of the artistic buildings of the Hoysala and Dravidian styles in Mysore given in the first monograph has now been enlarged to some extent by the addition of some more monuments of the two styles brought to light by recent exploration. Though by no means exhaustive, it is sufficient to give an idea of the richness of Mysore in these artistic treasures.

It only remains for me to express my thanks to scholars and the press for their appreciative notices of my monograph on the Kesava temple at Somanathapur.

Bangalore, June 1919.

R. NARASIMHACHAR.

PROVISIONAL LIST OF ARTISTIC BUILDINGS OF THE HOYSALA AND DRAVIDIAN STYLES IN MYSORE.

Those that are marked with an asterisk are more or less in a ruinous condition.

HOYSALA.

| | Temple | | Temple | | DE . | | PERIOD | Period Reign | | REMARKS | |
|-------------|-------------------|-----|--------|----------------|------|-----|---------|--------------|-------|----------|--|
| 1. | Basavesvara | | , | Tonachi | | | C. 1047 | Vinayaditya | ••• | | |
| 2. | Mallinatha-basti* | | | Angadi | ••• | ••• | C. 1060 | do | ••• | | |
| 8. | Kedaresvara | •• | | Belgami | ••• | ••• | C. 1060 | đο | ••• | Triple. | |
| 4. | Tripurantaka* | ••• | ••• | do | ••• | | 1070 | do | ••• | Double, | |
| 5. | Kaitabhesvara | ••• | | Kuppstur | ••• | | C. 1070 | do | ••• | | |
| 6. | Adinatha-basti | ••• | | Chikka Hanasog | в | | C, 1090 | do | ••• | Triple. | |
| 7. | Lakshmidevi | ••• | ••• | Dodda Gaddaval | li | | 1118 | Vishnuvardha | na en | Quadrupl | |
| 8. | Kesava | ••• | ••• | Belur | ••• | | 1117 | do | | | |
| 9. | Kappe-Chennigaray | 78 | | đo | ••• | | C. 1117 | do | ••• | Double. | |
| 10. | Vira-Narayana | ••• | | đo | ••• | | C. 1117 | do | | | |
| 11. | Kirti-Narayana | | | Talkad | ••• | | 1117 | do | ••• | | |
| 19. | Dharmesvara | ••• | | Grama | ••• | | 1198 | фo | ••• | | |
| 18. | Kesava | | ••• | đo | ••• | | C. 1198 | do | ••• | , | |
| 14. | Narasimha | ••• | | do | ••• | | C. 1198 | đo | ••• | | |
| 15. | Kesava | ••• | ••• | Marale | ••• | | 1180 | do | | | |
| 16. | Siddhesvara | ••• | ••• | do | ••• | | 1180 | do | ••• | • | |
| 17. | Parsvanatha-basti | ••• | | Halebid | ••• | | 1188 | đo | ••• | | |
| 16. | Hoysalesvara | | | đo | ••• | | C. 1141 | Narssimha I | | Double. | |
| 19. | Jain basti* | | **** | Cholesandra | ••• | | 1145 | do | ••• | Triple. | |
| 9 0. | Kesava* | ••• | ••• | Honnavara | ••• | | 1149 | đo | ••• | | |
| 9 1. | Nagesvara* | ••• | | Nidugal-durga | ••• | | C. 1160 | do | ••• | | |
| 99. | Parsvanatha-basti | ••• | ••• | Heggere | | ! | 1160 | do | ••• | | |
| 9 8. | Isvara | ••• | ••• | Anekonde | ••• | | C. 1160 | do | ••• | | |
| 94. | Kesava | ••• | ••• | Dharmapura | ••• | | 1169 | đo | ••• | | |
| 9 5. | Do | ••• | ••• | Hullekere | ••• | | 1168 | do | ••• | ••• | |
| 96. | Hoysalesvara* | ••• | • | Tenginagatta | ••• | | C. 1168 | do | | | |
| 27. | Narayana* | ••• | | Suttur | ••• | | 1169 | do | ••• | | |

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| | | | | HOYSAL | Aconed. | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------|-----|-----|------------------|---------|-----|---------|--------------|-----------|---------|
| | Temple | | | PLAC | | | PRRIOD | Reign | | REMARKS |
| 98. | Somesvara | ••• | ••• | Suttur | | | C. 1169 | Narasimha I | : | Triple. |
| 5 0. | Kesava | ••• | ••• | Nagamangala | | | C. 1170 | do | | đo |
| 80. | Brahmesvara | ••• | | Kikkeri | | | 1171 | do | | ••• |
| 8 1. | Buchesvara | ••• | , | Koramangala | | | 1178 | do | | ••• |
| 80 . | Akkana-basti | ••• | | Sravana Belgola | | | 1182 | Ballala II | | |
| 8 8. | Amriteevara | | | Amritapura | | | 1196 | đo | | |
| 84 . | Singesvara* | ••• | | Hebbalalu | | | 1900 | do | | ••• |
| 8 5. | Santinatha-basti | ••• | ••• | Jinausthapura | | | C. 1900 | do | | ••• |
| 3 6. | Mahalingesvara* | ••• | | Mavuttanhalli | | | C. 1900 | do | ••• | Triple. |
| 87 . | Chattesvara* | ••• | ••• | Chatchattanhalli | | | C. 1900 | đo | | do |
| 8 8. | Trimurti | ••• | ••• | Bandalike | | | C. 1900 | do | ••• | do |
| 89. | Anekal | ••• | | do | | | C. 1900 | đo | | do |
| 4 0. | Kodanda-Rama | ••• | | Hirimagalur | | | C. 1200 | do | | ••• |
| 41. | Siddheevara | | | Kodakani | | | C. 1900 | do | ••• | ••• |
| 42. | Mallesvara | | | Huliyar | | | C. 1900 | đo | . | ••• |
| 4 8. | Virabbadra | ••• | | Grama | | | C. 1900 | do | ••• | Double |
| 44. | Andal | ••• | | Belur | | | C. 1900 | đo | ••• | |
| 4 5. | Sankaresvara* | ••• | | đo | | | C. 1900 | do | | |
| 4 6. | Kesava* | ••• | ••• | Angadi | | | C. 1900 | đo | ••• | |
| 47. | Santinatha-basti* | ••• | ••• | Bandalike | | | C. 1904 | do | ••• | |
| 48 . | Kirti-Narayana | ••• | ••• | Heragu | | | 1918 | do | ••• | |
| 49 . | Kedaresvara | ••• | ••• | Halebid | | | 1219 | do | ••• | |
| 50 . | Virabha <u>d</u> ra | ••• | | do | | | C. 1220 | do | | |
| 51 . | Sahasrakuta-basti | ••• | | Arsikere | | | 1990 | đo | ••• | |
| 52 . | Isvara | ••• | | do | | | C. 1990 | do | ••• | |
| 5 8. | Do | ••• | | Nanditavare | · . | •• | C. 1220 | do | ••• | |
| 5 4. | Harihara | ••• | | Haribar | ••• | ••• | 1994 | Narasimba II | ••• | |
| 5 5. | Mule-Singesvara* | ••• | ••• | Bellur | | ••• | 1994 | do | ••• | Triple. |
| 5 6. | Kallesvara* | ••• | ••• | Heggere | | ••• | 1989 | đo | | |
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| 5 8. | Somesvara | ••• | ••• | Harnhalli | | ••• | 1984 | do | ••• | |
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| 62. | Sadaniva | | | Nuggihallı | | | C. 1249 | Somesvara | | |
| 63 . | Lakshmi-Narasimha | • | ••• | Javagal | ••• | | C. 1250 | do | ••• | Triple. |
| 64. | Isvara* | | ••• | Budanur | ••• | | C. 1250 | do | | |
| 6 5. | Padmanabha' | ••• | ••• | do | ••• | | C. 1950 | do | | |
| 66. | Panchalings | | ••• | Govindanhalli | ••• | | C. 1950 | do | | Quintuple |
| 67. | Kesava* | ••• | ••• | Nagalapura | | | C. 1950 | do | | ••• |
| 6 8. | Kedaresvara* | ••• | ••• | do | ••• | } | C. 1950 | do | | ••• |
| 69. | Mallesvara* | ••• | ••• | Hulikal | ••• | | C. 1950 | do | | ••• |
| 70. | Kesava | ••• | ••• | Tandaga | ••• | | C. 1950 | đo | ••• | |
| 71. | Lakshmi-Narayana | ••• | ••• | Hosabolalu | ••• | | C. 1260 | đo | | Triple. |
| 72 . | Kesava | ••• | ••• | Aralaguppe | ••• | ••• [| C. 1960 | do | | |
| 7 8. | Do | ••• | ••• | Turuvekere | ••• | ••• | C. 1960 | Narasimba III | | |
| 74. | Mule-Sankaresvara | ••• | ••• | do | ••• | | C. 1960 | đo | | ••• |
| 75 . | Yoga-Madhava | ••• | ••• | Settikere | ••• | | 1961 | đo | | Triple. |
| 76. | Kesava | ••• | ••• | Somenathapur | ••• | ••• | 1968 | do | | đo |
| 17 . | Madhavaraya | ••• | ••• | Beliur | ••• | ••• | C. 1970 | đo | ••• | đo |
| 7 8. | Lakshmi-Narasimhs | • | ••• | Hole-Narsipur | ••• | | C. 1970 | đo | ••• | đo |
| 79 . | Do | ••• | ••• | Vignasante | ••• | | 1986 | đo | ••• | đo |
| 80 . | Balalingesvara* | ••• | ••• | do | ••• | | C. 1986 | do | | ••• |
| 81. | Lakshmikanta | ••• | ••• | Hedatale | ••• | ••• | C. 1992 | Ballala III | ••• | |
| 82 . | Nagaresvara* | ••• | ••• | do | | | C. 1992 | do | ••• | |

DRAVIDIAN.

| | | | 1 | | | | | |
|-----|----------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|---------|------------------|-----|
| 1. | Nandisvara | | Nandi | ••• | | C. 800 | Govinda III | |
| 9. | Lakshmanesvara, etc. | | Avani | | | C. 940 | Bira-Nolamba | |
| 8. | Chamundaraya-basti | | Sravana Belgola | ••• | | C. 990 | Rachamalia IV | |
| 4. | Kallosvara | ••• | Aralaguppo | | | C. 1091 | Tribhuvanamalla | |
| 5. | Muktinatheevara' | ••• | Binnamangala | | | C. 1100 | Kulottunga-Chola | ••• |
| 6. | Vaidyesvara | ••• | Talkad | | | C. 1100 | do | ••• |
| 7. | Panchakuta-basti* | ••• | Kambadahalli | ••• | ••• | C. 1190 | Vishnuvardhana | |
| 8. | Narasimha | ••• | Agere | | | C. 1190 | do | ••• |
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| 10. | Amara-Narayana | ••• | Kaivara | ••• | | C. 1960 | Selvandai-Devar | ••• |
| | | | i | | | | 1 | l |

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|-------------|-----------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----|--------|---------|-----------------------------|-----|
| 11. | Somesvara | | ••• | Kurudumale | | | C. 1950 | Ilavanji-Vasudeva- raya. | ••• |
| 19. | Do | ••• | | Nidugal-durga | ••• | | 1999 | Ganesvara-Deva | |
| 18. | Do | | ••• | Kolar | ••• | | C. 1800 | Ballala III | ••• |
| 14. | Arkesvara | | ••• | Hale-Alur | ••• | | C. 1800 | do | |
| 15. | Vidyasankara | | ••• | Sringeri | | | C. 1866 | Bukks I | , |
| 16. | Mallikarjuna | ••• | ••• | Pankajanhalli | ••• | | C. 1510 | Krishna-Deva- Raya. | ••• |
| 17. | Aghoresvara | ••• | | lkkeri | | | C. 1580 | Sankanna-Nayaka I | |
| 18. | Ranganatha | ••• | | Rangasthala | ••• | | C. 1600 | Palegars | |
| 19. | Gaurisvara | ••• | | Yelandur | ••• | | 1664 | Mudda-Raja | |
| 2 0. | Nilakanthesvara | ••• | ••• | Jambitige | ••• | | 1788 | Somasekhara- Nayaka II. | *** |

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INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

The present work forms the second of the Mysore Archæological Series: Architecture and Sculpture in Mysore, and deals with the Kesava temple at Belur, one of the most exquisite specimens of the Hoysala style of architecture, built by the Hoysala king Vishnuvardhana in A. D. 1117. The Kesava temple at Somanathapur, treated of in the first monograph of this Series, is a trikutachala or three-celled structure, while the subject of the present monograph consists of only one cell, though sorrounded by several temples, shrines and subsidiary buildings, and, being older than the other by nearly one hundred and fifty years, may be looked upon as one of the earlier examples of the Hoysala style. According to Fergusson it combines constructive propriety with exuberant decoration to an extent not often surpassed in any part of the world.

To do anything like justice to the marvellous elaboration and beauty of the details of this gem of architecture hundreds of plates are necessary. For the purpose of this short monograph, however, only some of the most striking features have been selected and the temple is illustrated by forty-five plates. The illustrations have been prepared by Mr. T. Namassivayam Pillai, the Photographer and Draughtsman of my Office.

The list of the artistic buildings of the Hoysala and Dravidian styles in Mysore given in the first monograph has now been enlarged to some extent by the addition of some more monuments of the two styles brought to light by recent exploration. Though by no means exhaustive, it is sufficient to give an idea of the richness of Mysore in these artistic treasures.

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BANGALORE, JUNE 1919. R. NARASIMHACHAR.

PROVISIONAL LIST OF ARTISTIC BUILDINGS OF THE HOYSALA AND DRAVIDIAN STYLES IN MYSORE.

Those that are marked with an asterisk are more or less in a ruinous condition.

HOYSALA.

| TEMPLE | | | PLAGE | | PERIOD REIGN | | REMARK | | | |
|------------|-------------------|-----|-------|-----------------|--------------|---|---------|-----------------------|-----|---------|
| 1. | Basavesvara | | | Tonachi | | | C. 1047 | Vinayaditya | | |
| 9. | Mallinatha-basti* | ••• | | Angadi | ••• | | C. 1050 | đo | | |
| 8. | Kedaresvara | •• | ••• | Belgami | ••• | | C. 1060 | do | | Triple. |
| 4. | Tripurantaka* | | ••• | do | | | 1070 | do | | Double. |
| 5. | Kaitabhosvara | | ••• | Kuppatur | | | C. 1070 | đo | ••• | |
| 6. | Adinatha-basti | ••• | ••• | Chikka Hanasoge | B | | C. 1090 | do | ••• | Triple. |
| 7 . | Lakshmidevi | ••• | ••• | Dodda Gaddavall | li | | 1118 | Vishnu v ardha | Da. | Quadrup |
| 8. | Kesava . | | ••• | Belur | ••• | | 1117 | đo | ••• | |
| 9. | Kappe-Chennigaray | 78 | ••• | do | | | C. 1117 | de | | Double. |
| IO. | Vira-Narayana | ••• | ••• | đo | ••• | | C. 1117 | do | ••• | |
| 1. | Kirti-Narayana | | ••• | Talkad | ••• | | 1117 | do | ••• | |
| 9. | Dharmesvara | | ••• | Grama | ••• | | 1128 | do | ••• | |
| 18. | Kesava | ••• | • | đo | ••• | | C. 1198 | đo | ••• | |
| 4. | Narasimba | | ••. | do | ••• | | C. 1128 | đo | ••• | |
| 5. | Kesava | | ••• | Marale | ••• | | 1190 | do | • | ••• |
| 6. | Biddhesvara | | ••• | do | ••• | | 1130 | do | | ••• |
| 7. | Parsvanatha-basti | ••• | | Halebid | ••• | | 1188 | đo | | ••• |
| 8. | Hoysalesvara | ••• | | đo | ••• | | C. 1141 | Narasimha I | | Double. |
| 9. | Jain basti* | | • | Cholesandra | ••• | | 1145 | фo | ••• | Triple. |
| D. | Kesava* | ••• | | Honnavara | ••• | | 1149 | do | | |
| 0. | Nagesvara* | ••• | | Nidugal-durga | | | C. 1150 | do | ••• | |
| B. | Parsvanatha-basti | ••• | ••• | Heggere | | ! | 1160 | do | ••• | ••• |
| 8. | Isvara | ••• | | Anekonda | ••• | | C. 1160 | do | | ••• |
| 4. | Kosava | | | Dharmapura | ••• | | 1169 | do | | ••• |
| Б. | Do | ••• | | Hullekere | ••• | | 1168 | do | | ••• |
| 6. | Hoysalesvara* | | ••• | Tenginagatta | ••• | | C. 1168 | đo | | ••• |
| 7. | Narayana. | ••• | | Suttur | ••• | | 1169 | đo | | ••• |

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|-------------|-------------------|-----|-----|------------------|---------|---------|--------------|-----|---------|
| | | | | Hoysala | -contd. | | | | |
| | THEPLE | 1 | | PLACE | ı | PERIOD | Ruign | | REMARKS |
| 2 8. | _ | | ••• | Suttur | | C. 1169 | Narasimba I | | Triple. |
| 10 . | Kesava | ••• | ••• | Nagamangala | | C. 1170 | do | ••• | do |
| 30 . | Brahmesvara | ••• | ••• | Kikkeri | | 1171 | do | ••• | |
| 81 . | Buchesvara | ••• | ••• | Koramangala | | 1178 | đo | | |
| 18. | Akkana-basti | | • | Sravana Belgola | | 1182 | Ballala II | | |
| 38 . | Amritesvara | ••• | ••• | Amritapura | | 1196 | do | | |
| M. | Singesvara* | ••. | ••• | Hebbalalu | | 1900 | do | | |
| 9 6. | Santinatha-basti | • | • | Jinanathapura | | C. 1900 | do | | ļ |
| 6. | Mahalingesvara* | ••• | | Mavuttanhalli | | C. 1900 | do | | Triple. |
| 7. | Chattesvara* | ••• | | Chatchattanhalli | | C. 1900 | do | ••• | do |
| 8. | Trimurta | ••• | • | Baudalike | | C. 1900 | do | | đo |
| 10. | Anekal | ••• | | do | ··· ··· | C. 1900 | đo | ••• | do |
| Ю. | Kodanda-Rama | ••• | | Hirimagalur | | C. 1900 | do | | |
| 1. | Siddhesvara | ••• | | Kodakani | ••• | C. 1900 | do | | |
| 2. | Mallesvara | ••• | | Huliyar | ··· ··· | C. 1900 | do | | |
| В. | Virabhadra | ••• | | Grama | | C. 1200 | do | | Double |
| ۱. | Andal | •• | | Belur | ··· ··· | C. 1900 | do | | |
| 5. | Sankaresvara* | ••• | | d o | | C. 1900 | đo | | |
| 3. | Kesava* | ••• | ••• | Angadi | | C. 1900 | do | | |
| | Santinatha-basti* | ••• | | Bandalike | ••• | C. 1904 | do | | |
| 3. | Kirti-Narayana | ••• | | Heregu | ••• | 1918 | do | | |
|). | Kedaresvara | ••• | | Halebid | ••• | 1219 | do | | |
| D. | Virabhadra | ••• | | do . | | C. 1990 | đo | • | |
| ı. | Sahasrakuta-basti | | | Arsikere | | 1920 | đo | | |
| B. | Isvara | | | do . | | C. 1990 | do | | |
| B . | Do | ••• | | Nanditavare | ··· ·· | C. 1990 | do | | |
| 4. | Haribara | | | Harihar . | | 1994 | Narasimba II | ••• | |
| ٥. | Mule-Singesvara* | ••• | | The Name | | 1994 | do | ••• | Triple. |
| 6. | Kallesvara* | | | Hoggere . | | 1282 | do | ••• | |
| 7. | Galagesvara* | ••• | | 4. | | C. 1939 | đo | ••• | |
| В. | Somesvara | ••• | | Manufa W | | 1984 | do | ••• | |
| 9. | Kesava | ••• | | ٠ | | C. 1984 | do | | |
| 0. | Mallikarjuna | ••• | | D1 | | 1986 | do | | Triple. |
| | Lakshmi-Narasimb | 18 | | M | | 1949 | Somesvara | ••• | do |

vii Hoysala—concid.

| IIVIBALIA—concid. | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----|-----|---------|---------------|-----|------------|--|
| | Temple | | | PLAC | | | Parton | Haren | | REMARKS | |
| 62. | Sadaciva | | | Nuggihalli | | | C. 1949 | Somervara | | | |
| 68. | Lakshmi-Narasimha | ı | | Javagal | | | C. 1950 | do | | Triple. | |
| 64. | Isvara* | ••• | | Budanur | | | C. 1960 | do | | ••• | |
| 6 5. | Padmanabha* | ••• | | đo | | | C. 1950 | do | | ••• | |
| 66. | Panchalinga | | ••• | Govindanhalli | ••• | | C. 1950 | do | | Quin tuple | |
| 67. | Kesava* | | | Nagalapura | | | C. 1950 | do | | ••• | |
| 6 8. | Kedaresvara* | ••• | | do | ••• | ••• | C. 1950 | đo | | ••• | |
| 69. | Mallesvara* | ••• | | Hulikal | ••• | | C. 1950 | đo | | ••• | |
| 7 0. | Kesava | | | Tandaga | | *** | C. 1960 | do | | ••• | |
| 71. | Lakshmi-Narayana | ••• | | Hosaholalu | | ••• | C. 1960 | do | | Triple. | |
| 72 . | Kesava | ••• | | Aralaguppe | | | C. 1950 | do | | ••• | |
| 7 8. | Do | | ••• | Turuvekere | ••• | | C. 1960 | Narasimha III | | ••• | |
| 74. | Mule-Sankaresvara | ••• | | do | | | C. 1960 | do | | ••• | |
| 75. | Yoga-Madhava | | ••• | Settikere | | | 1961 | đo | | Triple. | |
| 76. | Kesava | | | Somanathapur | | | 1968 | đo | ••• | do | |
| 77. | Madhavaraya | ••• | | Bellur | | ••• | C. 1970 | do | | do | |
| 7 8. | Lakshmi-Narasimb | | | Hole-Narsipur | | ••• | C. 1970 | do | ••• | do | |
| T9 . | Do | | ••• | Vignasante | ••• | | 1996 | do | ••• | đo | |
| 80. | Balalingesvara* | | ••• | đo | | ••• | C. 1986 | do | | | |
| 81. | Lekshmikanta | | ••• | Hedatale | ••• | | C. 1992 | Baliala III | ••• | | |
| 89. | Nagarosvara* | | | do | | | C. 1992 | do | ••• | | |

DRAVIDIAN.

| 1. | Nandievara | | | Nandi | | | C. 800 | Govinda III | ••• |
|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|---|---------|------------------|-----|
| 2. | Lakshmanesvara, etc | в. | | Avani | ••- | | C. 940 | Bira-Nolamba | *** |
| 8. | Chamundaraya-basti | i | ••• | Sravana Belgola | ••• | | C. 980 | Rachamalia IV | |
| 4. | Kallosvara | | ••• | Aralaguppe | | | C. 1091 | Tribhuvanamalla | ••• |
| 5. | Muktinathesvara' | ••• | | Binnamangala | ••• | | C. 1100 | Kulottunga-Chola | ••• |
| 6. | Vaidyesvara | ••• | ••• | Talkad | ••• | | C. 1100 | do | ••• |
| 7. | Panchakuta-basti* | ••• | ••• | Kambadahalli | ••• | | C. 1190 | Vishnuvardhaua | ••• |
| 8. | Narasimha | | ••• | Agara | | | C. 1190 | đo | ••• |
| 9. | Gangadharesvara | ••• | ••• | Kaidala | ••• | | 1151 | Narasimha I | ••• |
| 10. | Amara-Narayana | | ••• | Kaivara · | | | C. 1960 | Belvandai-Devar | |
| | | | | 1 | | , | ! | ! | · |

viii

Dravidian—concld.

| | Temple | | | Place | | Pariod | Reign | RHMARKS | |
|-------------|-----------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----|--------|---------|-----------------------------|----------|
| 11. | Somesvara | | | Kurndumale | | | C. 1950 | Ilavanji-Vasudova- raya. | |
| 12. | Do | | | Nidugal-durga | ••• | | 1992 | Gancevara-Deva | |
| 18. | Do | | ••• | Kolar | ••• | ••• | C. 1800 | Ballala III | |
| 14. | Arkesvara | ••• | | Hale-Alur | | ••• | C. 1800 | do | |
| 15. | Vidyasankara | ••• | ••• | Sringeri | ••• | | C. 1856 | Bukka I | , |
| 16. | Mallikarjuna | ••• | ••• | Pankajanballi | ••• | | C. 1510 | Krishna-Deva- Raya. | |
| 17. | Aghoresvara | ••• | | Ikkeri | | | C. 1560 | Sankanna-Nayaka I | |
| 18. | Ranganatha | ••• | | Rangasthala | ••• | ••• | C. 1600 | Palegars | 1 |
| 19. | Gaurisvara | • | ••• | Yelandur | ••• | | 1654 | Mudda-Raja | |
| 20 . | Nilakanthesvara | ••• | ••• | Jambitige | | ••• | 1788 | Somasekhara- Nayaka II. | |

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ARCHITECTURE AND SCULPTURE IN MYSORE. No. 111.

THE LAKSHMIDEVI TEMPLE AT DODDA GADDAVALLI.

Doda Gaddavalli is a small village in the Hāssan Taluk of the Hāssan District in the Mysore State, situated at a distance of about 12 miles to the north-west of Hāssan and about 2 miles to the left of the Hāssan-Bēlūr road. It is called Dodda (or Big) Gaddavalli to distinguish it from another village close to it known as Chikka (or Little) Gaddavalli. The latter is mentioned by this name in an inscription in the Bēlūr temple, dated 1548, which states that during the rule of the Vijayanagar king Sadāśiva-Rāya a chief named Singapa-Nāyaka made a grant of this village to provide for the car festival of the god Kēsava of Bēlūr. But in the old inscriptions at Dodda Gaddavalli the village is named simply Gaddumballi without the prefix Dodda, and the epithet abhinava-Kollāpura or the modern Kollāpura is applied to it owing to the existence there of a temple of Lakshmīdēvi, in allusion to the famous ancient temple of the same goddess at Kolhāpūr.

The Lakshmīdēvi temple at Dodda Gaddavaļļi is a typical example of the Hoysaļa style of architecture. It is quadruple, i.e., has four cells, and appears to be the only Hoysaļa building of this kind in the State. Plate I gives the full view of the temple from the west. From an inscription in the temple (Plate XIV) we learn that during the rule of the Hoysaļa king Vishņu the great merchant (mahā-vaḍḍavyavahāri) Kullahaṇa-Rāhuta and his wife Sahajādēvi founded the village Abhinava-Kollāpura and caused to be erected in it the temple of the goddess Mahālakshmi in A. D. 1113. It is thus one

L'pigraphia Carnatica, V. Belur 4.

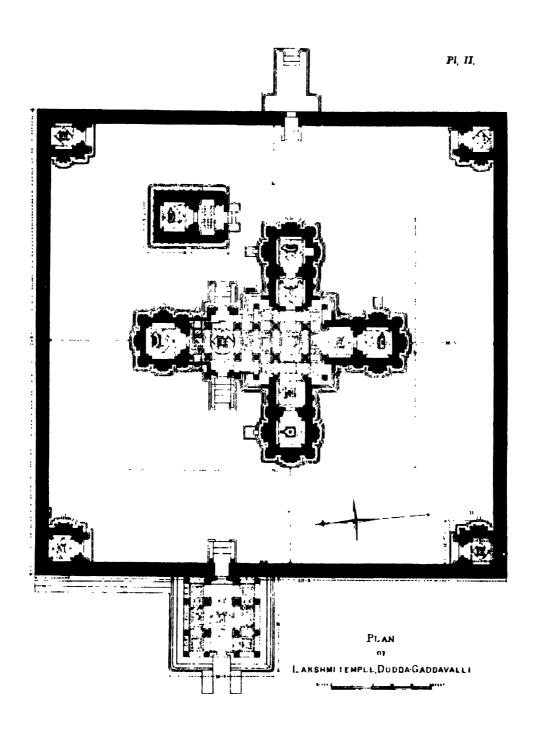
¹ Ibid., Hässan 149.

of the earliest temples of the Hoysala style, built four years before the Kēśava temple at Bēlūr which was founded by king Vishnu in 1117.

The temple is situated in the middle of a court, measuring 118' 6" by 112'9", enclosed by an old stone wall, about 7 feet high, with two mahadvaras or outer gates on the east and west (Plate II). It is worthy of note that the raised terrace which forms a characteristic feature of most of the buildings of this style is wanting here. To the west gate is attached a fine entrance porch or mantapa supported by sixteen pillars and adorned with seven artistically executed ceilings. The central ceiling shows fine bead work with a circular panel in the middle sculptured with a figure of Tandavēsvara, while the others have floral ornaments in the middle with circular panels carved with the figures of the ashta-dikpālakas (or regents of the eight directions) around. The porch has verandas all round. There was likewise a small porch attached to the east outer gate, but this has now fallen along with a portion of the enclosing wall. The doorway of the east mahadvara is elegantly carved (Plate IV). At each corner of the enclosure is a small neat shrine surmounted by a stone tower and a Hoysala crest, i.e., a figure of Sala, the progenitor of the Hoysala family, stabbing a tiger. The doorways of the shrines are well carved. Plates V and VI show the shrines at the south-west and north-west corners respectively of the enclosure. The former has a floral ornament in front of the Hoysala crest, while the latter has a figure of Tāṇdavēśvara. In the north-east of the temple enclosure, at some interval from the corner shrine, is situated a small temple of Bhairava, consisting of a garbha-griha or adytum and an open sukhanasi or vestibule, also surmounted by a stone tower and a Hoysala crest. There are thus five towers in the enclosure, and adding to these the four over the four cells of the main temple, we have in all nine beautiful stone towers with Hoysala crests, a feature not found in any other Hoysala building in the State. Six of these towers are seen in Plate I, while Plate III shows only the four towers of the quadruple temple in the middle.

As stated above, the temple consists of four cells, all surmounted by stone towers and Hoysala crests, of which three are in the southern portion and one in the northern. Of the former, the east cell enshrines Lakshmidevi, the west a linga named Bhūtanātha and the south Bhairava, not the original figure which must have been Vishnu as indicated by the Garuḍa

FULL VIEW OF LAKSHMIDEVI TEMPLE AT DODINA GADDAVALLI



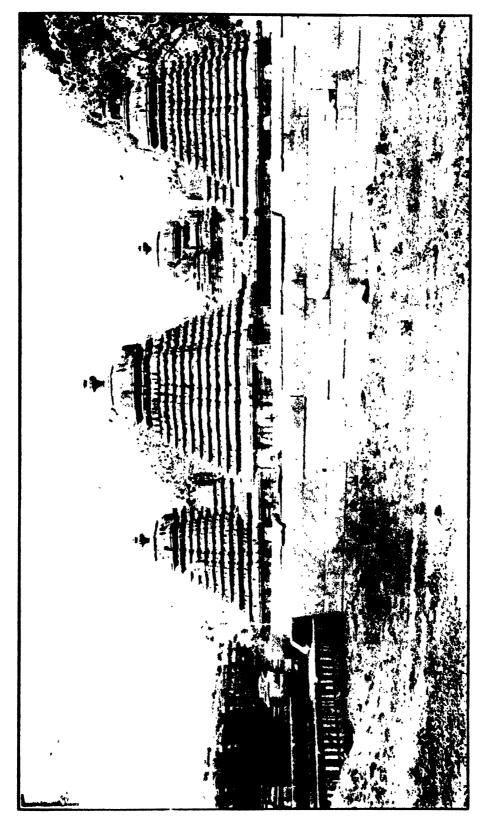
emblem on the pedestal. The cell in the northern portion is dedicated to Kāļi. Plate VII shows the east view of the Lakshmīdēvi shrine and Plate VIII the north view. The Kāļi shrine, of which the west view is exhibited on Plate IX, has in the navaranga or middle hall two entrances on the east and west. The west doorway, flanked by Vaishṇava dvarapalakas or door-keepers, shows good work (Plate X). There are two seated elephants at the sides of the cast doorway (Plate VIII). The outer walls of all the cells have single or double pilasters surmounted by ornamental turrets with a few figures here and there. The east outer wall of the Kāļi cell has sculptured on it a figure of Kāļi. The turrets on the outer walls of the Lakshmīdēvi and Vishṇu cells show finer work than those on the outer walls of the others. There is a pretty large number of niches in the shape of miniature shrines on the outer walls, but unlike in other temples most of them bear inscriptions instead of figures. Of the towers, that over the Lakshmīdēvi cell shows here and there figures of Yakshas.

Of the four cells, the Lakshmidevi and the Bhutanatha cells face each other; so also do the Vishņu and the Kāļi cells, only at a greater interval. Each cell consists of a garbha-griha and a sukhanasi, and with the exception of the Lakshmidevi cell all have open sukhanasis. The three cells in the southern portion are attached to a common navaranga or middle hall. garbha-griha and sukhanasi of these three cells have ceilings carved with lotuses. The lintel of the garbha-griha doorway of the Lakshnidevi cell has sculptured on it a figure of Tandavēśvara, that of the Vishnu cell a figure of Yoga-Narasimha and that of the Bhūtanātha cell a figure of Gajalakshmi. Lakshmidevi is a fine standing figure, about 3½ feet high, flanked by female attendants (Plate XI). She has four hands, the upper right holding a conch, the upper left a discus, the lower right a rosary with the abhaya or fear-removing pose and the lower left a mace. It is stated that the Vishnu cell had once a figure of Kēśava. The common navaranga has verandas on all the three sides and nine good ceilings of a square shape with projecting circular panels, the central one having what looks like Tandavesvara and the others the ashta-dikpalakas. It is attached without any partition to the navaranga of the Kāļi cell. Both the navarangas measure about 30 feet in length, the width being about 15 feet. They are supported by ten pillars, exclusive of the four on the verandas. There are also eight

pilasters, two each in the sukhanasis of the four cells. Kali is a terrific eight-armed figure, about 3 feet high, seated on a demon, the attributes in the right hands being a trident, a sword, an arrow and an axe, and those in the left a drum, a noose, a bow and a cup (Plate XII). The upper portion of the prabha or halo has nine seated pretas or ghosts armed with swords, while the pedestal has one big preta with tusks seated with a pitcher in front of it. The ceiling of the garbha-griha of the Kāļi cell has a lotus, while that of the sukhandsi shows a kneeling male figure holding a sword in the right hand and a cup in the left. The lintel of the garbha-griha doorway has a tusked head in the middle flanked by three pretas on either side with intervening heads similar to the one in the middle, while its jambs have nude female figures wearing sandals. In the sukhanasi stand, facing each other, two nude male vētāļas or goblins, about 6 feet high. The hands of the vetala to the right are broken. The one to the left has a protruding tongue and holds a sword in the right hand and a skull together with a decapitated head in the left (Plate XIII). The vētālas, which are mere skeletons, are well carved. They are represented as having large car-lobes. The ceiling of the navaranga of the Kāli cell has a dancing male figure playing on the vina or lute.

The name of the architect who built this beautiful temple is given in Hāssan 149, which has already been referred to, as Mallōja Māṇiyōja. The inscription says that he was resplendent with the creative skill of Viśva-karma, the architect of the gods. It also gives at the end a technical description of the structure. There are several mutilated figures lying in the temple enclosure and outside. One of these, a standing figure of Bhairava, is seen on Plate VI. There is also another Hoysala temple in a dilapidated condition at the entrance to the village.

A few words may now be said about the inscriptions that relate to the temple. As stated before, several of these are engraved in the niches on the outer walls. There are also a few on detached stones standing in the enclosure. One of the stones is seen on Plate VII, another on Plate VIII near the elephants, and a third, a viragal or memorial to a hero who fell in battle, on Plate VI. The most important of these epigraphs is Hāssan 149 (Plate XIV), which records the construction of the temple in A. D. 1118. After an invocatory verse in praise of Sambhu it proceeds to say that while the



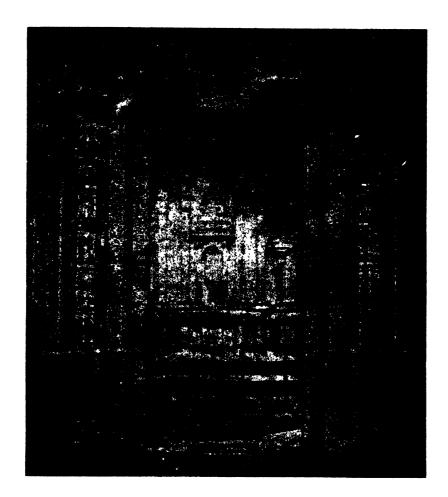
WEST VIEW OF LAKSHMIDEVI TEMPLE AT DODDA GADDAVALLI

mahā-maṇḍalēšvara, Tribhuvanamalla, capturer of Talakādu, Kongu, Nangali, Banavase, Beluvala, Halasige, Hanungalu, Nonambavadi and Uchchangi, bhujabala-Vīra-Ganga-pratāpa-śrī-Vishņu-bhūpālaka was in the capital Dorasamudra, ruling the kingdom in peace and wisdom, the possessor of all titles, an ornament of an honored family born in the country near Pāriyātra, an incarnation of dharma or virtue, kind to all living creatures, the great merchant (mahā-vaddavyavahāri) Kullahana-Rāhuta and his wife Sahajādēvi, having caused to the built the village Abhinava-Kollāpura, granted in the year Vijaya 4 salages of wet land, exempt from taxes, below the big tank to Malloja Māṇiyoja, resplendent with the creative skill of Viśvakarma, who erected the temple of Mahālakshmi. Then follow an imprecatory sentence and verse after which occur two lines which appear to give the characteristic features of the structure in technical language. The terms used are vimāna, sarvatībhadra, vrishabha, nalinika, uttunga (? uttambha), vairāja, Garuda, vardhamāna, šankha, vritta, pushpaka and griha-rāja. All these occur as technical terms representing varieties of prasada in Sanskrit works on architecture.

Two more inscriptions refer themselves to the reign of king Vishnu. One of them, Hāssan 134, records a money grant by Kullahana-Rāhuta, the founder of the temple, for the goddess Mahālakshmi. The other is the viragal referred to above (see Plate VI). Though this does not relate to the temple, it deserves some notice. It records that in the war with Beppa-Dēva.... jaya-rāhutta, charging into the cavalry, attained the world of gods. The stone is divided into four panels: the two lower represent the battle scene; in the third we see the hero being borne to heaven by celestial nymphs; and in the fourth we see him seated with folded hands in front of the linga.

Of the remaining epigraphs, two belong to the reign of Nārasimha I, son of king Vishņu, and several to the reign of Ballāla II, son of Nārasimha I. One of the inscriptions of Nārasimha I (Hāssan 148), dated 1162, records a grant of land for the goddess Mahālakshmi by Jakavve, wife of Avilāṇachakravarti Dāsaya-sāhaṇi. A record of Ballāla II (Hāssan 136), dated 1218, states that Siriyādēvi, younger sister of the maha-vaḍḍavyavahāri Golehanāyaka, and Māyidēva made a grant of land to provide for the livelihood of the garland-makers for the deities Mahālakshmi, Kāli and Bhūtanātha. Another (Hāssan 139), which appears to be dated 1200, tells us that Ballāla

II remitted a number of taxes (named) and granted the village of Jāgaravaļļi for the three deities. A third (Hāssan 142), dated 1194, registers the grant of two looms each for the same deities by Heggade Sôgayya. A fourth (Hāssan 144), dated 1209, says that Heggade Sômayya, the customs officer of Santasavādi, son of Ballāļa-Dēva's great minister and general Gōyidimayya and brother-in-law of the great merchant Jayitayya, granted certain tolls (specified) for the same three deities. There are also a few more records of the same reign, namely Hāssan 138, 143, 145 and 151, which show that Goleha-nāyaka and Siriyādēvi, mentioned above, were persons of some importance who took much interest in the maintenance of the temple. The latest record in the temple, Hāssan 140, registers the deposit of a fund in 1319 in order to provide for offerings of rice for the goddess Mahālakshmi.



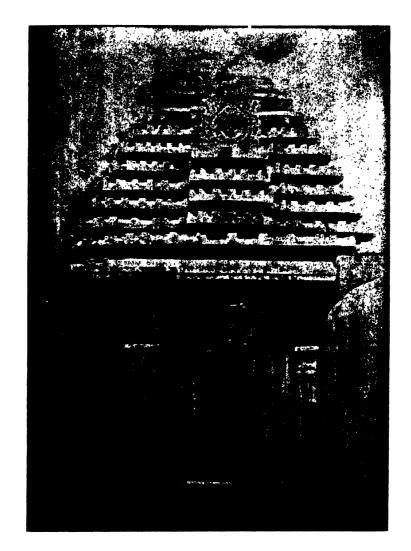
DOORWAY OF THE EAST MAHADVARA OR OUTLR GATE

APPENDIX.

Transliteration of Hassan No. 149 in the Lakshmidevi temple at Dodda Gaddavalli.

- 1. Namas tunga-siras-chumbi-chandra-chāmara-chā-
- 2. ravē! traiļokya-nagarārambha-mūlastambhā-
- 3. ya Śambhavē | svasti śrīman-mahā-maṇḍa-
- 4. ļēšvaram Tribhuvanamalla Taļakādu-Kongu-
- 5. Nangali-Banavase-Beluvala-Halasige-Hānun-
- 6. galu-Nonambavādiy-Uchchangi-gonda bhuja-
- 7. bala-Vīra-Ganga-pratāpa-srī-Vishņu-bhū-
- 8. pāļakanu Dorasamudrada rājadhā-
- 9. niyalu sukha-sankathā-vinodadim rā-
- 10. jyam-geyyuttire | svasti śrī-bhuvana-bhavana-vēļāvanī-Pā-
- 11. riyātra-tan-madhya-dēšõdbhava-mahita-kuļa-tiļa-
- 12. ka dharmāvatāra sarva-jīva-davāparar appa || svasti sa-
- 13. masta-praśasti-sahitam srīman-mahā-vaddavyavahā-
- 14. ri Kullahana-rāhutarum ardhānga-sarīriyar appa Sa-
- 15. hajādēviyarum śrīmatu Abhinava-Kollāpu-
- 16. ravam geysi šrīman-Mahālakshmī-dēviya prā-
- 17. sādavam geyda Višvakarma-nirmita-su-
- 18. bhāsitan appa Malloja-Māņiyo-
- 19. jange Vijaya-samvatsarada Chaitra-suddha 10
- 20. Brihaspati-vāradandu hiriya-kereya
- 21. kelage nälku-salage-gaddeyam sarva-namasya-
- 22. v-āgi koţţaru chandrārka-tā-
- 23. rambaram salvudu I-dharmavam kidisida-
- 24. vam linga-bhēdi Gangeya tadiyalu kavi-
- 25. leyum Brāhmananumam konda Brahma-ha-
- 26. ti sva-dattām para-dattām vā yō harēta

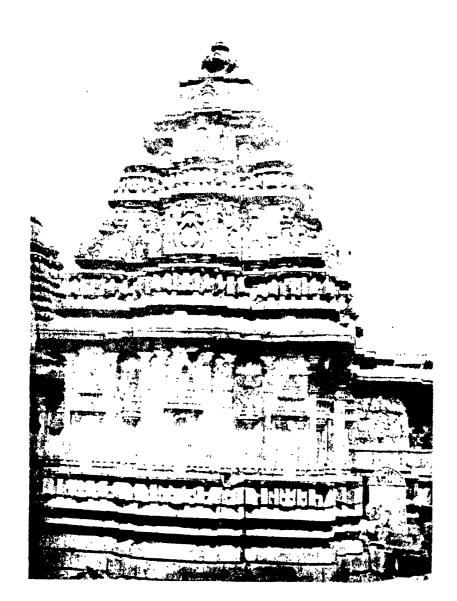
- 27. vasundharām shashtir varsha-sahasrāni vi-
- 28. shthāyām jāyatē krimiḥ !!
- 29. vimāna sarvatōbhadra vrishabha naļinika uttunga vai-
- 30. rāja Garuḍa vardhamāna śankha vritta pushpaka griha-rāja svasti



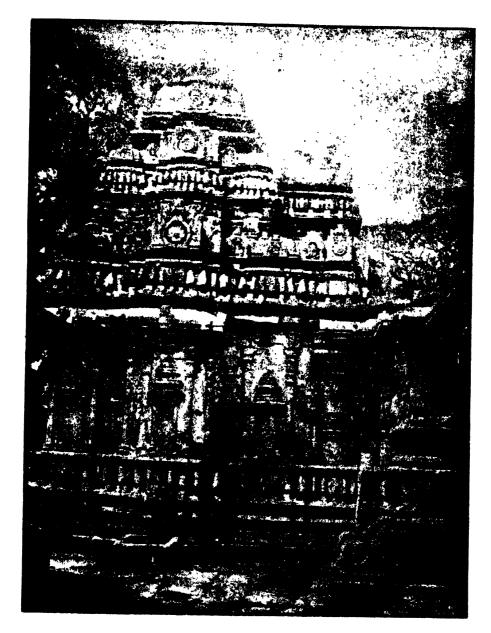
SHRINE AT THE SOUTH-WEST CORNER OF THE ENCLOSURE



SHRINE AT THE NORTH WEST CORNER OF THE ENCLOSURE

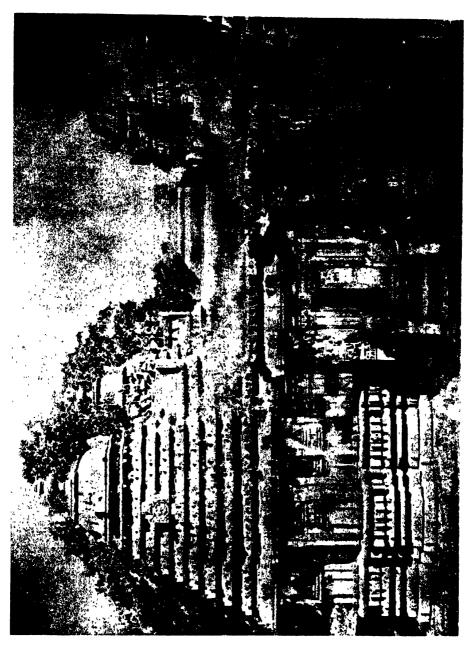


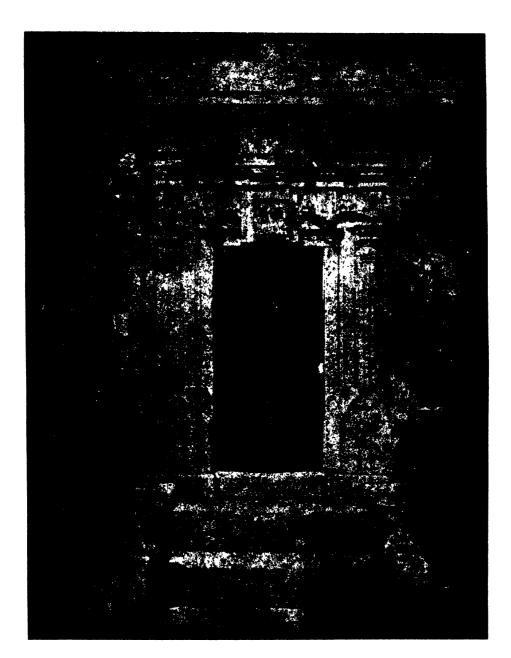
TAST VIEW OF THE LAKSHMIDEAL SHRENT



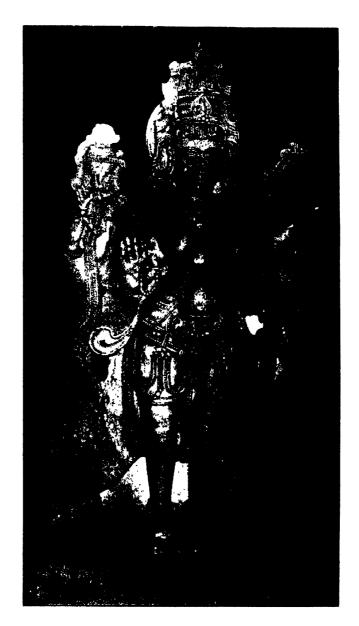
NORTH VIEW OF THE LAKSHMIDENT SHRINE







WEST DOORWAY OF THE NAVAGAGA OR MIDDLE HALL OF THE KALL SHRINE



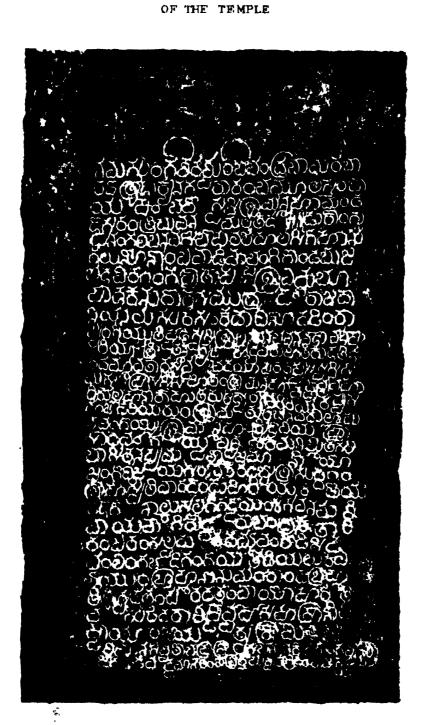
TAKSHMIDI VI



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VETALA OR GOBLIN IN THE VESTIBULE OF THE KALL SHRINE



INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

"THE extraordinary wealth of the artistic products of Mysore," as disclosed by my Annual Reports, has attracted considerable attention both in India and outside. Considering its area, Mysore is extremely rich in the number of its artistic structures, the majority of which are built in the style named 'Chalukyan' by Fergusson, and the rest in the Dravidian style. The name Chalukyan is undoubtedly a misnomer so far as Mysore is concerned, seeing that all the buildings of this style in Mysore were erected during the rule of the Hoysalas. According to Fergusson himself this style attained its fullest development and highest degree of perfection in the dominions of the kings of the Hoysala dynasty. The name 'Hoysala' ought to be adopted as the more appropriate designation of the style. With very few exceptions, such as the temples at Tonachi, Angadi, Belgami, Kuppatur and Chikka-Hanasoge, which go back to the eleventh century, all the Hoysala buildings in Mysore came into existence in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries. The period of the ornate structures of the Dravidian style in Mysore ranges from the eighth to the sixteenth century.

The list, which is by no means exhaustive, of the monuments built in the two styles mentioned above, appended to this Note with some particulars relating to them, is enough to give some idea of the richness of Mysore in these artistic treasures. The dates given in a few cases are approximate. Fergusson has briefly described and illustrated about half a dozen of these temples. Mr. and Mrs. Workman have similarly dealt with a few more. Mr. Rice has briefly noticed several others besides in his volumes of the Epigraphia Carnatica. But the descriptions given by these scholars cannot but be incomplete, since the interior of most of the temples was a sealed book to them. Further, they have scarcely paid any attention to the sculpture of the buildings. In my Annual Reports I have not only given much additional information concerning the temples dealt with by the above-mentioned scholars, but have also described and illustrated a large number of buildings

not known before. I have, besides, furnished "an immense amount of entirely new matter descriptive of the sculpture," the illustration, especially, of individual works of art signed by the artists having aroused considerable interest among scholars in Europe. Still, as a glance at the list will show, there are many monuments which await and deserve to be described and illustrated.

A wish has been expressed in several quarters that the mass of literature bearing on temple architecture and iconography which is increasing in volume ought to be embodied in permanent form removed from the pages of the Annual Reports. It is under contemplation to prepare and publish a monograph on Hoysala architecture in Mysore. In the meantime it is proposed to issue about half a dozen short monographs with suitable illustrations on a few notable buildings of the Hoysala and Dravidian styles in the State, treating of both their architecture and sculpture. The present work on the Kesava temple at Somanathapur forms the first of the series. The illustrations have been prepared by Mr. T. Namassivayam Pillai, the Photographer and Draughtsman of my Office. My thanks are due to Mr. C. H. Yates, Superintendent, Government Press, for kind suggestions with regard to the get-up of the book and the personal care bestowed on the arrangement and printing of the illustrations.

Bangalore, December 1916. R. NARASIMHACHAR.

PROVISIONAL LIST OF ARTISTIC BUILDINGS OF THE HOYSALA AND DRAVIDIAN STYLES IN MYSORE.

HOYSALA.

| | Templi | · _ | | PLA | CE | _ | PERIOD | Reign | | REMARK |
|-----|-------------------|-----|-----|------------------|-----|---|--------|--------------|-----|--------------|
| 1. | . Basavesvara | | | Tonachi | | | C 1047 | Vinayaditya | | |
| 2 | . Jain Bastis | | | Angadı | | | C 1050 | do | | |
| 3. | . Kedaresvara | | | Belgamı | | | C 1060 | do | | Triple |
| 4. | Tripurantaka | | | dυ | | | . • | do | | Double |
| Б. | Kaitabhesvara | ••• | | Kuppatur | ••• | | C 1070 | do | ••• | |
| 6. | Adinatha-basti | ••• | ••• | Chikka Hanasoge | · . | | C 1090 | do | | Triple |
| 7. | Lakshmidevi | | | Dodda Gaddavall | i | ! | C 1115 | Vichnuvardha | | Quadrupl |
| 8. | Kesava | ••• | | Belur | | | 1117 | do | | |
| 9. | Kappe-Chennigar | нув | ••• | do | | | C 1117 | do | ••• | Double |
| 10. | Kirtinarayana | | | Talkad | | į | 1117 | do | | |
| 11. | Kesava | | | Marale | | | 1130 | do | | |
| 12. | Siddhesvara | | ••• | do | ••• | | 1130 | do | | ļ |
| 18. | Parsvanatha basti | | | Halebid | | | 1133 | do | | |
| 14. | Hoysalesvara | | •• | do | | . | C 1141 | Narasimha I | | Double |
| 15. | Jain Basti | | | Cholasandra | | | 1145 | do | | Triple |
| 16. | Кенкув | •• | | Honnavara | | | 1149 | do | | |
| 17. | Isvara | | | Anekonda | | | C 1160 | do | | |
| 18. | Kenava | | | Dharmspura | | | 1162 | do | | |
| 19. | Do | ••• | ••• | Hullekere | | | 1163 | do | ! | |
| 20. | Hoyselesvara | ••• | | Tenginagatta | | | C 1163 | do | | |
| 21. | Kesava | ••• | ••• | Nagamangala | | | C 1170 | do | | Triple |
| 22. | Brahmesvara | ••• | • - | Kikkeri | ••• | | 1171 | do | | |
| 13. | Buchesvara | ••• | j | Koramangala | | | 1173 | ďо | | |
| H. | Akkana-basti | ••• | | Sravana Belgola | • | | 1182 | Ballala II | | ••• |
| 5. | Amritesvara | ••• | | Amritapura | | | 1196 | do | | ••• |
| 6. | Isvara | ••• | | Arasikere | | | C 1200 | do | | ••• |
| 7. | Santinatha-basti | ••• | | Jinanathapura | | | C 1200 | do | | ••• |
| 8. | Mahalingesvara | | | Mavuttanhalli | | | C 1200 | do | | Triple |
| 9. | Chattesvara | • | | Chatchattanhalli | ••• | | C 1200 | do | | do |
| 0. | Trimurti | ••• | | Bandalike | | | C 1200 | đo | | do |
| 1. | Anekal | | | do | ••• | | C 1900 | do | | do |

vi Hoysala—concld.

| Trmple | | | Place | | | PERIOD | Reign | REMARKS | | |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---------|-----------------|-----|--------|--------|---------------|---------|----------|
| 82. | Kodandarama | | | Hirimagalur | | | C 1200 | Ballala II | | |
| 3 3. | Siddhesvara | ••• | | Kodakanı | | ••• | C 1200 | do | | ••• |
| 94. | Santinatha-basti | | | Bandalike | | | C 1204 | do | | |
| 86. | Kirtinarayana | • | •… | Heragu | | ••• | 1218 | do | | |
| 36. | Kedaresvara | | •• | Halebid | | | 1219 | do | | |
| 37. | Virabhadra | ••• | ••• | do | •• | ••• | C 1220 | do | | |
| 38. | Isvara | | ••• | Nandita vare | ••• | | C 1220 | do | | |
| 39. | Haribara | ••• | ••• | Haribar | ••• | | 1224 | Narasimha II | | |
| 1 0. | Bellur | | ••• | Mule-Singesvara | | ••• | 1224 | do | | Triple |
| 41. | Somesvara | ••• | •• | Haruhallı | ••• | | 1234 | do | | |
| 42 | Kenava | ••• | ••• | do | | | C 1234 | do | ••• | |
| 4 3. | Mallıkarjuna | | ••• | Basaral | | ••• | 1235 | do | •• | Triple |
| 14. | Lakshminarasimha | ••• | | Nuggihalli | | • | 1249 | Somesvara | ••• | do |
| 4 5. | Sadasiva | | ••• | do | | | C 1249 | do | | |
| 4 6. | Lakshminarasimha | | | Javagal | | •• | C 1250 | do | ••• | Triple |
| 17. | levara | | ••• | Budanur | | ••• | C 1250 | do | | |
| 18. | Padmanabha | ••• | | do | | | C 1250 | do | •• | |
| 19. | Panchalinga | | ••• | Govindanhalli | ••• | ••• | C 1250 | do | | Quintupl |
| 50. | Kesava | | ••• | Nagalapura | | | C 1250 | do | | |
| 61. | Kodaresvara | | • • • • | do , | | | C 1250 | do | | • |
| 52. | Mallesvara | • | | Hulikal | | | C 1250 | do | | • |
| 53. | Kesava | •• | | Tandaga | | | C 1250 | do | ••• | |
| i4. | Lakshminarayana | ••• | ••• | Hosaholalu | | • | C 1250 | do | ••• | Triple |
| ъБ. | Kesava | ••• | | Turuvekere | | • | C 1260 | Narasımha III | | |
| 56. | Mule-Sankaresvara | • | •• | do | | | C 1260 | do | | |
| 57. | Kesava | ••• | • | Somensthapur | | | 1268 | do | | Triple |
| 58. | Madhavaraya | | | Bellur | • | | C 1270 | do | | dο |
| 59. | Lakshminarasimba | | | Hok Narsipur | ••• | | C 1270 | do | | do |
| iO. | Narasimha | | | Vignasante | | | 1286 | do | | do |

DRAVIDIAN.

| 1. | Nandisvara | | Nandı | | | \mathbf{c} | 800 | Govinda III | | ••• |
|--|----------------------|--|-----------------|-----|---|--------------|-----|--------------|---|-----|
| 2. | Lakshmanesvara, etc | | Avani | ••• | | c | 940 | Biya-Nolamba | | ••• |
| 8. | Chamundaraya-basti . | | Sravana Belgola | | • | C | 940 | Rajamalla | • | ••• |
| the same of the sa | | | | | | | | | | |

vii Dravidian—concld.

| Temple | | | | Place | | | Period | REIGN | REMARKS |
|--------|------------------|-----|-----|--------------|------|--|--------|----------------------|---------|
| 4. | Muktinathesvara | | ••• | Binnamangala | •••• | | C1100 | Kulottunga-Chola I | |
| 5. | Vaidyesvara | ••• | | Talkad | ••• | | C 1100 | d o | |
| 6. | Panchakuta-basti | | ••• | Kambadahalli | | | C 1120 | Vishnuvardhana | |
| 7. | Somesvara | • | | Kurudumale | | | C 1250 | Ilavanji Vasudeva- | |
| 8. | Do | | | Kolar | | | C 1300 | raya. Ballala iii | |
| 9. | Arkesvara | ••• | ••• | Hale-Alur | | | C 1300 | do | |
| 10. | Vidyasankara | | | Srangeri | | | C 1356 | Bukks I | |
| 11. | Aghoresvara | | | lkkeri | | | C 1560 | Sankanna-Nayaka I | |
| 12. | Ranganatha | ٠ | | Rangasthala | | | C 1600 | Palegars | |